### **ANNUAL REPORT FOR 2008**



Osprey Seafood Mitigation Site Beaufort County TIP No. R-2510B



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### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

SUM	IMARY	Υ	1		
1.0	Intro .1 .2 .3	oductionProject DescriptionPurposeProject History	2 2		
2.0	Vegetation:				
	.1 .2 .3 .4	Success Criteria  Description of Species  Results of Vegetation Monitoring  Conclusions.	3 4		
3.0	Ove	erall Conclusions and Recommendations	4		
	JRES	Oita Lagation Man	_		
Figu	re 1 –	Site Location Map	5		

### **APPENDICES**

Appendix A – Site Photos

### SUMMARY

The Osprey Seafood Mitigation Site is located in Beaufort County. The site was planted in March 2008 and was designed as mitigation for wetland impacts associated with roadway project R-2510B Washington Bypass.

The mitigation encompasses approximately 0.6 acres of wetland restoration and 3.5 acres of wetland preservation. The restoration effort involved grading the property to an elevation that approximates the adjacent wetlands, and then ripping to promote vegetation re-establishment. The site was then planted and will be monitored to ensure that it meets the vegetation success criteria. No hydrologic monitoring is required for this project; however, vegetation monitoring is required for three years.

There was one vegetation monitoring plot established throughout the 0.6 acre planting area. The 2008 vegetation monitoring of the site revealed an average tree density of 680 trees per acre.

NCDOT will continue vegetation monitoring at the Osprey Seafood Mitigation Site.

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Project Description

The Osprey Seafood Mitigation Site is located in Beaufort County. The site consists of approximately 0.6 acres of wetland restoration and 3.5 acres of wetland preservation for wetland impacts associated with project R-2510B.

### 1.2 Purpose

In order for a mitigation site to be considered successful, a site must meet vegetation success criteria. This report details the vegetation monitoring in 2008 at the Osprey Seafood Mitigation Site. Hydrologic monitoring was not required for the site.

### 1.3 Project History

March 2008 Site Planted

July 2008 Vegetation Monitoring (1 year)

## 2.0 VEGETATION: OSPREY SEAFOOD MITIGATION SITE (YEAR 1 MONITORING)

### 2.1 Success Criteria

Success Criteria states that the Osprey Seafood mitigation site shall be monitored for three years. The NCDOT shall submit an annual summary report at the end of each of the first two years after the completion of the project. The report shall discuss the sites vegetative and hydrologic changes. This report can be qualitative in nature, and is in lieu of the usual quantitative hydrology and success criteria. At the end of the third year after project completion, the NCDOT will coordinate a field visit to the site, at which time the DWQ will determine the success of the mitigation, and the site may be declared successful with written approval from the NC Division of Water Quality. If, at the end of the three year monitoring period, the NC Division of Water Quality decides that the success cannot be determined or has not been achieved, then the NCDOT will coordinate field visits on an annual basis until the NCDWQ is satisfied that the site is successful.

### 2.2 Description of Species

The following wetland species were planted in the Wetland Restoration Area:

Taxodium distichum, Baldcypress

Quercus lyrata, Overcup Oak

Quercus michauxii, Swamp Chestnut Oak

Nyssa aquatica, Water Tupelo

Fraxinus pennsylvanica, Green Ash

Quercus laurifolia, Laurel Oak

### 2.3 Results of Vegetation Monitoring

Plot #	Baldcypress	Overcup Oak	Swamp Chestnut Oak	Water Tupelo	Green Ash	Laurel Oak	Total (Year 1)	Total (at planting)	Density (Trees/Acre)	
1	9	13	2	15	3		42	42	680	
Average Density (Trees/Acre) 680										

**Site Notes**: A vegetation plot was set on site to determine if the Design/Build contractor would need to replant the site. We will continue to report this vegetation plot, even though, the success criteria states that this report can be qualitative in lieu of the usual quantitative data. Other species noted on site included: fennel, red maple, clover, sycamore, black willow, and cattail. Volunteer baldcypress trees were noted naturally sprouting up on site.

### 2.4 Conclusions

There is one vegetation monitoring plot established throughout the 0.6 acre planting area. The 2008 vegetation monitoring of the site revealed an average density of 680 trees per acre.

### 3.0 OVERALL CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The following report summarizes the monitoring activities that have occurred in the past year for the Osprey Seafood Mitigation Site. Monitoring activities in 2008 represent the first year of monitoring for the site. The site must demonstrate vegetation success for a minimum of three years or until the site is deemed successful.

There was one vegetation monitoring plot established throughout the 0.6 acre planting area. The 2008 vegetation monitoring of the site revealed an average density of 680 trees per acre.

NCDOT will continue vegetation monitoring at the Osprey Seafood Mitigation Site.

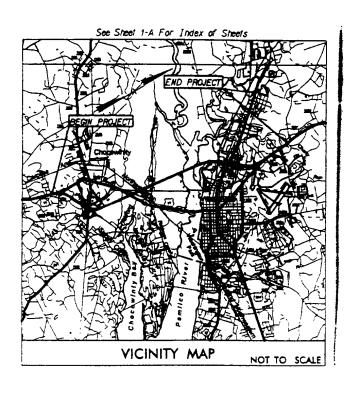


Figure 1. Site Location Map

## APPENDIX A

**SITE PHOTOS** 

# Osprey Seafood Mitigation Site



Photo 1



Photo 2



Photo 3

